# COMPENSATION FUND (YUKON) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

(audited)

### Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The management of the Yukon Workers' Compensation Health and Safety Board (the board) is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of books, records, internal controls and management practices designed to provide reasonable assurance that reliable financial information is produced; Compensation Fund assets are safeguarded and controlled; transactions of the Compensation Fund are in accordance with relevant legislation, regulations and board policies; and that the board resources are managed efficiently and economically and the operations of the board are carried out effectively.

Management is also responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements of the Compensation Fund. The financial statements as at December 31, 2004, which include amounts based on management's best estimates as determined through experience and judgement, are in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. Other financial information included in the Annual Report is consistent with these financial statements.

Board members (the Board) are responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control. The Board exercises its responsibilities through the Finance, Investment, and Audit Committee. The Finance, Investment, and Audit Committee has reviewed the financial statements and has submitted its report to the Board, which has approved these financial statements.

The Auditor General of Canada conducts an independent audit for the purpose of expressing her opinion on the financial statements. She also considers whether the transactions that come to her notice in the course of the audit are, in all significant respects, in accordance with specified legislation.

Hewitt Associates, an independent consulting actuarial firm, has been engaged to provide an opinion of the adequacy and appropriateness of actuarial valuations of the benefits liability of the Compensation Fund.

Gerry Meier

A/President and Chief Executive Officer

Jim Stephens, CMA,CGA Vice President, Operations and

Chief Financial Officer

July 7, 2005



### **Actuarial Certification**

To the Members of the Yukon Workers' Compensation, Health and Safety Board We have completed an actuarial valuation as at December 31, 2004 of the benefits liability payable in the future for insured employers under the Yukon Workers' Compensation Act, in respect to claims that occurred prior to the valuation date.

We have analyzed the claims data on which the valuation has been based and have performed tests to confirm the reasonableness of the data and its consistency with the data used for valuations in prior years. In our opinion, the data is sufficient and reliable for the purposes of this valuation.

The actuarial valuation of the benefits liability of \$96,793,000 represents the actuarial present value at December 31, 2004 of all expected payments which will be made in future years and in respect of all claims occurring on or before December 31, 2004.

The valuation was based on the provisions of the Yukon Workers' Compensation Act in effect as of December 31, 2004. The net interest rates used to discount future claim payments make implicit provision for future increases in payment levels. The benefits liability includes provision for claims arising in the future in respect of latent occupational diseases only to the extent that such claims have been experienced in the past. It also includes provision for future expenses relating to the administration of existing claims. Payments made by the Board on a self-insured basis are excluded from the valuation of the benefits liability.

The actuarial assumptions and methods employed in the valuation represent an estimate of the Board's future obligations based on the provisions of the Yukon Workers' Compensation Act at the valuations date, the Board's current practices and administration procedures and the pattern of claims costs experienced prior to the valuation. In our opinion, for the purposes of the valuation, the actuarial assumptions are, in aggregate, appropriate and the methods employed are consistent with sound actuarial principles.

This report has been prepared, and our opinions given, in accordance with accepted actuarial practice.

Respectfully submitted Hewitt Associates

Peter Muirhead, F.C.I.A.

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Fellow, Canadian Institute of Actuaries

### **Auditor's Report**



To the Minister responsible for the Compensation Fund

I have audited the balance sheet of the Compensation Fund as at December 31, 2004 and the statements of operations and reserves and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Compensation Fund as at December 31, 2004 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. As required by the *Workers' Compensation Act*, I report that, in my opinion, these principles have been applied, except for the change in the method of accounting for financial instruments as explained in Note 3 to the financial statements, on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Further, in my opinion, proper books of account have been kept and the financial statements are in agreement therewith. In addition, the transactions of the Fund that have come to my notice during my audit of the financial statements have, in all significant respects, been in accordance with the Workers' Compensation Act and regulations, the Occupational Health and Safety Act and regulations and the Financial Administration Act and regulations.

Ronald C. Thompson, CA Assistant Auditor General

for the Auditor General of Canada

Vancouver, Canada

May 6, 2005, except as to Note 10 (b), which is as of July 7, 2005



# **Compensation Fund Balance Sheet**

As at December 31

Assets	2004		2003
Current assets	(\$000s)		(\$000s)
Accounts receivable (note 4)	\$ 2,162	\$	1,218
Investments (note 3, 5)	131,677		123,440
Property and equipment (note 6)	 3,942		3,920
	\$ 137,781	\$	128,578
Liabilities and Reserves Current liabilities	· ,		
Bank overdraft (note 10)	\$ 1,327	\$	933
Accounts payable (note 4)	 3,054		2,468
	4,381	٠.	3,401
Accured employee benefits (note9)	996		1,533
Benefits liability (note 7)	96,793		89,673
Total liabilities	 102,170		94,607
Reserves (note 8))	35,611		33,971
	\$ 137,781	\$	128,578
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### Commitments and Contingencies (note 11, 13)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Approved by the Yukon Workers' Compensation Health & Safety Board

Alternate Chair

Craig Tuton, Chair

Yukon Workers' Compensation Health and Safety Board 2004 Annual Report

# Compensation Fund Statement of Operations and Reserves

Revenue           Assessments (note 10)         \$ 9,680         \$ 8,428           Investment (note 5)         8,829         5,102           Recoveries and other receipts (note 10)         1,445         477           Total revenues         19,954         14,007           Expenses           Claims expenses (note 7)         19,543         15,703           Administration and prevention (note 12)         308         5,697           Administration         5,089         5,697           Occupational health and safety         923         1,008           Workers' Advocate         342         378           Congress 2004         277         102           Contractor Safety Association         174         42           Appeal Tribunal         171         187           Act Review         129         33           Employer Consultant         111         137           Federation of Labour         111         137           Business process improvement costs (note 6)         -         156           Total expenditures         26,770         23,443           Operating deficit for the year         (6,816)         (1,100)           Reserves         Begi	For the year ended December 31		2004 (\$000s)			2003 (\$000s)
Investment (note 5)   8,829   5,102     Recoveries and other receipts (note 10)   1,445   477     Total revenues   19,954   14,007     Expenses     Claims expenses (note 7)   19,543   15,703     Administration and prevention (note 12)     Administration and prevention (note 12)     Administration and safety   923   1,008     Workers' Advocate   342   378     Congress 2004   277   102     Contractor Safety Association   174   42     Appeal Tribunal   171   187     Act Review   129   33     Employer Consultant   111   137     Federation of Labour   11   1-8     Business process improvement costs (note 6)   - 156     Total expenditures   26,770   23,443     Operating deficit for the year   (6,816)   (9,436)     Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)   - 8,336     Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)   - 8,336     Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)   - 8,336     Effect of change in ascounting policy (note 3)   8,456   - 8     Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)   42,427   \$35,071     Final operating deficit   (6,816)   (1,100)	Revenue	•				
Recoveries and other receipts (note 10)         1,445         477           Total revenues         19,954         14,007           Expenses	Assessments (note 10)	\$	9,680	9	5	8,428
Expenses         19,954         14,007           Claims expenses (note 7)         19,543         15,703           Administration and prevention (note 12)         5,089         5,697           Occupational health and safety         923         1,008           Workers' Advocate         342         378           Congress 2004         277         102           Contractor Safety Association         174         42           Appeal Tribunal         171         187           Act Review         129         33           Employer Consultant         111         137           Federation of Labour         11         -           Business process improvement costs (note 6)         -         156           Total expenditures         26,770         23,443           Operating deficit for the year         (6,816)         (9,436)           Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)         -         8,336           Final operating deficit         (6,816)         (1,100)           Reserves         Beginning of the year, as previously stated         33,971         35,071           Change in accounting policy (note 3)         8,456         -           Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)         42,427	Investment (note 5)		8,829			5,102
Expenses         Claims expenses (note 7)       19,543       15,703         Administration and prevention (note 12)       5,089       5,697         Occupational health and safety       923       1,008         Workers' Advocate       342       378         Congress 2004       277       102         Contractor Safety Association       174       42         Appeal Tribunal       171       187         Act Review       129       33         Employer Consultant       111       137         Federation of Labour       11       -         Business process improvement costs (note 6)       26,770       23,443         Operating deficit for the year       (6,816)       (9,436)         Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)       8,336         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)         Reserves       Beginning of the year, as previously stated       33,971       35,071         Change in accounting policy (note 3)       8,456       -         Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)       \$42,427       \$35,071         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)	Recoveries and other receipts (note 10)		1,445			477
Claims expenses (note 7)       19,543       15,703         Administration and prevention (note 12)       5,089       5,697         Administration       5,089       5,697         Occupational health and safety       923       1,008         Workers' Advocate       342       378         Congress 2004       277       102         Contractor Safety Association       174       42         Appeal Tribunal       171       187         Act Review       129       33         Employer Consultant       111       137         Federation of Labour       11       -         Business process improvement costs (note 6)       -       156         Total expenditures       26,770       23,443         Operating deficit for the year       (6,816)       (9,436)         Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)       -       8,336         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)         Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated       33,971       35,071         Change in accounting policy (note 3)       8,456       -         Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)       42,427       \$35,071          Final operating deficit       (6,816)	Total revenues		19,954			14,007
Claims expenses (note 7)       19,543       15,703         Administration and prevention (note 12)       5,089       5,697         Administration       5,089       5,697         Occupational health and safety       923       1,008         Workers' Advocate       342       378         Congress 2004       277       102         Contractor Safety Association       174       42         Appeal Tribunal       171       187         Act Review       129       33         Employer Consultant       111       137         Federation of Labour       11       -         Business process improvement costs (note 6)       -       156         Total expenditures       26,770       23,443         Operating deficit for the year       (6,816)       (9,436)         Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)       -       8,336         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)         Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated       33,971       35,071         Change in accounting policy (note 3)       8,456       -         Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)       42,427       \$35,071           Final operating deficit       (	Expenses					
Administration and prevention (note 12)       5,089       5,697         Occupational health and safety       923       1,008         Workers' Advocate       342       378         Congress 2004       277       102         Contractor Safety Association       174       42         Appeal Tribunal       171       187         Act Review       129       33         Employer Consultant       111       137         Federation of Labour       11       -         Business process improvement costs (note 6)       -       156         Total expenditures       26,770       23,443         Operating deficit for the year       (6,816)       (9,436)         Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)       -       8,336         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)         Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated       33,971       35,071         Change in accounting policy (note 3)       8,456       -         Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)       42,427       \$35,071         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		19,543			15,703
Administration       5,089       5,697         Occupational health and safety       923       1,008         Workers' Advocate       342       378         Congress 2004       277       102         Contractor Safety Association       174       42         Appeal Tribunal       171       187         Act Review       129       33         Employer Consultant       111       137         Federation of Labour       11       -         Business process improvement costs (note 6)       -       156         Total expenditures       26,770       23,443         Operating deficit for the year       (6,816)       (9,436)         Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)       -       8,336         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)         Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated       33,971       35,071         Change in accounting policy (note 3)       8,456       -         Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)       \$ 42,427       \$ 35,071         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)						·
Workers' Advocate       342       378         Congress 2004       277       102         Contractor Safety Association       174       42         Appeal Tribunal       171       187         Act Review       129       33         Employer Consultant       111       137         Federation of Labour       11       -         Business process improvement costs (note 6)       -       156         Total expenditures       26,770       23,443         Operating deficit for the year       (6,816)       (9,436)         Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)       -       8,336         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)         Reserves       Beginning of the year, as previously stated       33,971       35,071         Change in accounting policy (note 3)       8,456       -         Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)       \$ 42,427       \$ 35,071         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)	*		5,089			5,697
Congress 2004         277         102           Contractor Safety Association         174         42           Appeal Tribunal         171         187           Act Review         129         33           Employer Consultant         111         137           Federation of Labour         11         -           Business process improvement costs (note 6)         -         156           Total expenditures         26,770         23,443           Operating deficit for the year         (6,816)         (9,436)           Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)         -         8,336           Final operating deficit         (6,816)         (1,100)           Reserves         Beginning of the year, as previously stated         33,971         35,071           Change in accounting policy (note 3)         8,456         -           Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)         \$ 42,427         \$ 35,071           Final operating deficit         (6,816)         (1,100)	Occupational health and safety		923			1,008
Contractor Safety Association         174         42           Appeal Tribunal         171         187           Act Review         129         33           Employer Consultant         111         137           Federation of Labour         11         -           Business process improvement costs (note 6)         -         156           Total expenditures         26,770         23,443           Operating deficit for the year         (6,816)         (9,436)           Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)         -         8,336           Final operating deficit         (6,816)         (1,100)           Reserves         Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated         33,971         35,071           Change in accounting policy (note 3)         8,456         -           Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)         \$ 42,427         \$ 35,071           Final operating deficit         (6,816)         (1,100)	Workers' Advocate		342			378
Appeal Tribunal       171       187         Act Review       129       33         Employer Consultant       111       137         Federation of Labour       11       -         Business process improvement costs (note 6)       -       156         Total expenditures       26,770       23,443         Operating deficit for the year       (6,816)       (9,436)         Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)       -       8,336         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)         Reserves       Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated       33,971       35,071         Change in accounting policy (note 3)       8,456       -         Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)       \$ 42,427       \$ 35,071         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)	Congress 2004		277			102
Act Review       129       33         Employer Consultant       111       137         Federation of Labour       11       -         Business process improvement costs (note 6)       -       156         Total expenditures       26,770       23,443         Operating deficit for the year       (6,816)       (9,436)         Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)       -       8,336         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)         Reserves       Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated       33,971       35,071         Change in accounting policy (note 3)       8,456       -         Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)       \$ 42,427       \$ 35,071         Final operating deficit       (6,816)       (1,100)	Contractor Safety Association		174			42
Employer Consultant Federation of Labour  Business process improvement costs (note 6)  Total expenditures  Operating deficit for the year  Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)  Final operating deficit  Change in accounting policy (note 3)  Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)  Employer Consultant  111  - 136  156  - 156  16,816)  (9,436)  (9,436)  (1,100)  Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)  - 8,336  (1,100)  Eserves  Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated  33,971  35,071  Final operating deficit  (6,816)  (1,100)	Appeal Tribunal		171			187
Federation of Labour  Business process improvement costs (note 6)  Total expenditures  26,770  23,443  Operating deficit for the year  Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)  Final operating deficit  (6,816)  (9,436)  (9,436)  (1,100)  Reserves  Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated  Change in accounting policy (note 3)  Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)  Final operating deficit  (6,816)  (1,100)	Act Review		129			33
Business process improvement costs (note 6)  Total expenditures  26,770  23,443  Operating deficit for the year  (6,816)  Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)  Final operating deficit  (6,816)  (1,100)  Reserves  Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated  Change in accounting policy (note 3)  Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)  Final operating deficit  (6,816)  (1,100)	Employer Consultant	•	111			137
Total expenditures 26,770 23,443  Operating deficit for the year (6,816) (9,436)  Effect of change in assumptions (note 7) - 8,336  Final operating deficit (6,816) (1,100)  Reserves  Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated 33,971 35,071  Change in accounting policy (note 3) 8,456 -  Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8) \$ 42,427 \$ 35,071  Final operating deficit (6,816) (1,100)	Federation of Labour		11			-
Operating deficit for the year (6,816) (9,436)  Effect of change in assumptions (note 7) - 8,336  Final operating deficit (6,816) (1,100)  Reserves  Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated 33,971 35,071  Change in accounting policy (note 3) 8,456  Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8) \$ 42,427 \$ 35,071  Final operating deficit (6,816) (1,100)	Business process improvement costs (note 6)					156
Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)  Final operating deficit  Reserves  Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated Change in accounting policy (note 3)  Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)  Final operating deficit  (6,816)  (1,100)	Total expenditures		26,770			23,443
Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)  Final operating deficit  Reserves  Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated Change in accounting policy (note 3)  Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)  Final operating deficit  (6,816)  (1,100)	Operating deficit for the year		(6,816)			(9,436)
Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated 33,971 35,071 Change in accounting policy (note 3) 8,456 - Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8) \$ 42,427 \$ 35,071  Final operating deficit (6,816) (1,100)	Effect of change in assumptions (note 7)		-			
Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated  Change in accounting policy (note 3)  Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)  \$ 42,427  Final operating deficit  (6,816)  33,971  35,071	Final operating deficit		(6,816)	=		(1,100)
Change in accounting policy (note 3) 8,456 - Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8) \$ 42,427 \$ 35,071  Final operating deficit (6,816) (1,100)	Reserves					
Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8) \$ 42,427 \$ 35,071  Final operating deficit (6,816) (1,100)	Reserves, beginning of the year, as previously stated		33,971			35,071
Final operating deficit (6,816) (1,100)	Change in accounting policy (note 3)		8,456			· -
	Reserves, beginning of the year, restated (note 8)	\$	42,427		6	35,071
+ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Final operating deficit		(6,816)		•	(1,100)
	Reserves, end of the year (note 8)	\$			 S	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



# **Compensation Fund Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended December 31

	2004 (\$000s)	2003 (\$000s)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from:		
Employers, for assessments	\$ 9,350	\$ 8,515
Recoveries and miscellaneous	850	887
Investment revenue	4,874	5,276
	15,074	14,678
Cash paid to:		
Claimants or third parties on their behalf	(12,424)	(12,718)
Suppliers, for administrative and other goods and services	(6,903)	(7,023)
	(19,327)	(19,741)
Cash used in operating activities	(4,253)	(5,063)
		• .
	•	
Cash flows from investing activities		
Sales and maturities of investments	111,565	113,798
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	1	. 1
Purchases of investments	(107,391)	(108,541)
Purchases of capital assets	(316)	(446)
Cash provided by investing activities	3,859	4,812
Net decrease in cash	(394)	(251)
Bank overdraft, beginning of year	(933)	(682)
Bank overdraft, end of year	\$ (1,327)	\$ (933)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

### **Compensation Fund Notes to the Financial Statements**

December 31, 2004

### 1. Nature of Operations

The Compensation Fund (the Fund) was established by the *Workers' Compensation Act* and is administered by the Yukon Workers' Compensation Health and Safety Board (the board) pursuant to the Act. The Fund, as administered by the board, provides compensation for injury or death by accident arising out of and in the course of employment. Annual assessments are levied upon employers, usually on the basis of their reported assessable payrolls. The assessment and investment revenue pays for all claims, administration and prevention expenses. In 1992, the board was made responsible for the administration of the *Occupational Health and Safety Act* and regulations to advance strategies for preventing workplace injuries in the territory

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. The more significant accounting policies are as follows:

#### (a) Benefits Liability

The benefits liability is determined annually and represents the actuarial present value of all future benefit payments expected to be made for claims which have occurred in the current fiscal year or in any prior year. The benefits liability includes a provision for future payments on claims that have not been finalized to date. It also includes a provision for all benefits provided by current legislation, policies and administrative practices in respect of existing claims. These claims are discounted to a present value at a real interest rate of 3.5%. No provision has been made for claims related to known latent occupational diseases where the claim has not yet been reported and the year of disablement would be in a subsequent period.

The benefits liability is comprised of three liabilities for medical aid and compensation, pension, and annuity:

Medical aid and compensation includes benefits for medical aid, compensation for loss of earnings and personal property, lump sum payments for permanent impairment, rehabilitation assistance, emergency transportation, traditional aboriginal healing, and death and funeral expenses.

The pension liability includes monthly pension benefits indexed annually that are paid to spouses, dependent children and guardians of dependent children of those who die from a work-related injury.

The annuity liability is for workers who have received compensation for the same disability for at least 24 months. Ten percent of the total compensation payments, plus interest, is set aside to provide a retirement annuity at sixty-five years of age.



#### (b) Allocation of Reserves

The reserves are comprised of a prevention and benefit enhancement reserve, a target reserve, and a rate transition reserve. Once the benefits liability is determined, the remaining difference between the Fund's assets and liabilities is credited to reserves.

The total available for reserves is allocated as follows:

(i) Prevention and benefit enhancement

The initial amount identified as at December 31, 1997 will be credited with interest at the same rate as the annuity liability

(ii) The target reserve has three components, funded as follows:

Catastrophic claims

Adverse claims experience

Occupational disease and enhanced disabilities including latent occupational diseases

200 times the maximum wage rate

16% of the unsubsidized assessment revenue plus

12% of the benefits liability

7% of the benefits liability

(iii) Rate Transition Reserve

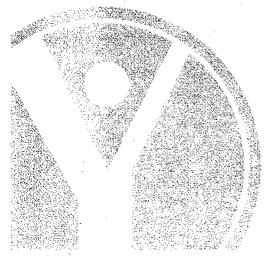
The rate transition reserve will be the balance in excess of the other reserves. If there is no excess then the balance will be zero and the overall deficiency in reserves will be identified

#### (c) Investments

In accordance with the provisions of the CICA Handbook Section 3855, *Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement*, the board elected to designate all investments as held for trading and records them at fair value. The fair value of publicly traded investments is quoted market price. Purchases and sales of investments are recognized on the trade date.

Realized gains and losses, arising on the sale of investments, are recognized in investment income in the period earned. Unrealized gains and losses, arising from fluctuations in fair value, are recognized in investment income in the period in which they arise. Investment income arising from dividends and interest is recognized in the period earned. Investment income is presented net of investment expenses.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at exchange rates prevailing at the end of the year. Revenue from investments is translated at the rate in effect at the time it is earned. Exchange gains and losses resulting from the translation of foreign currency balances and transactions are recognized in investment income in the period in which they arise.



#### (d) Assessments

Assessment revenue is calculated on actual or estimated payrolls as reported by the employer, or on provisional assessments as determined by the board. Separate rates of assessment are established for each industry classification. An allowance for doubtful accounts is provided for assessments receivable based on management's best estimate.

The board administers the Government of Yukon employees' compensation claims related to injuries prior to January 1, 1993 when the Government was a self-insured employer. The Fund receives reimbursement for the claim costs and related administrative expenses of those employees (note 10).

#### (e) Third Party Subrogated Claims

In certain limited circumstances, under section 56 of the *Workers' Compensation Act*, the board is deemed to be an assignee of a cause of action in respect of a claimant's disability. The claimant receives 25% of any settlement received after deducting all the costs of the action. This is over and above any future benefits entitlement. The remaining amount is used to offset future claims benefits, which were previously expensed in accordance with actuarial calculations, and which were previously incorporated in the benefits liability.

Revenue received from third party subrogated claims is recorded in the year the settlement occurs. No provision is made in the benefits liability for possible future subrogated recoveries because of their contingent nature.

#### (f) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated on the straight-line method, using rates based on the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Buildings 40 years

Furniture and equipment 5 to 10 years

Computer systems and equipment 3 years

Systems development 5 to 10 years





#### (g) Employee Future Benefits

#### Other Benefits

Under conditions of employment, employees may qualify and earn employment benefits for vacation, sick, compensatory and personal leave, travel bonus, and severance benefits. The benefit obligation is determined on an actuarial basis. The key assumptions used are a liability discount rate of 7% and an annual rate of general escalation of 3%. The obligation for vacation leave, sick leave, and severance benefits are calculated using the projected benefit method prorated on service. The remainder is calculated assuming all employees receive the benefits on the valuation date.

#### **Pension Benefits**

Employees participate in the Public Service Pension Plan administered by the Government of Canada. The board's contribution to the Plan reflects the full cost of the employer contributions. This amount is currently based on a multiple of the employees' required contributions, and may change from time to time depending on the experience of the Plan. These contributions represent the total pension obligations of the board and are charged to operations on a current basis.

The board is not currently required to make contributions with respect to actuarial deficiencies of the Public Service Superannuation Account.

#### (h) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with the Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. This mainly affects claims expenses, benefits liability, accrued employee benefits and the reserves. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates.

### 3. Change in Accounting Policy

Effective January 1, 2004, the board adopted the new CICA Handbook Section 3855, *Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement*. As required by the new standard, prior period results have not been restated.

Under the previous accounting policy, short-term investments were carried at amortized cost. Fixed-term securities were carried at cost, net of amortization of premiums and discounts on purchase. Equity investments were carried at cost plus a moving average market method adjustment to amortize unrealized gains and losses over a five-year period. Realized gains and losses were deferred and amortized on a straight line basis over five years. Investment income, consisting of interest and dividends, was recognized in income in the period earned.

The change in accounting policy has been made in accordance with the transitional provisions of section 3855. Under the new accounting policy, the board has chosen to designate all investments as held for trading and record them at fair value. The fair value of publicly traded investments is the market value on a recognized exchange. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are now recognized in full in investment income in the period in which they arise.

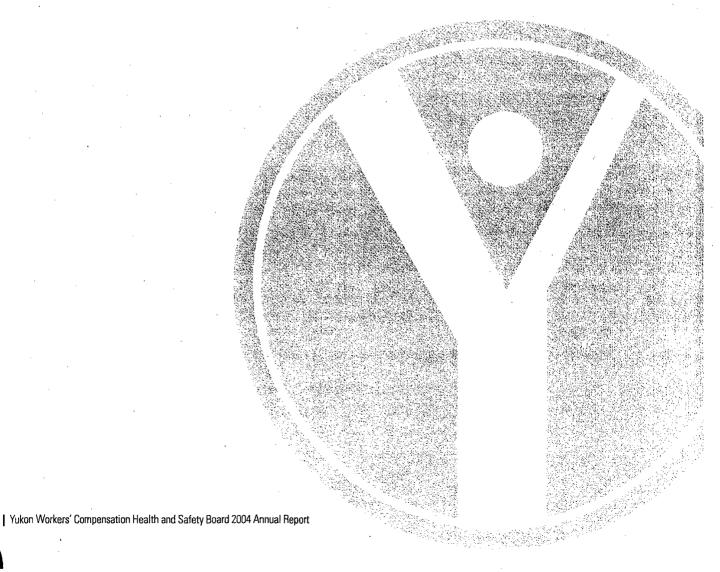
On January 1, 2004, the board's investments were revalued from a carrying value of \$130,301,184 to a fair value of \$131,976,288. The difference of \$1,675,104 was reclassified as an adjustment to the opening balance of the reserves. The balance of the deferred realized gains of \$6,781,093, which can no longer be deferred under the new standard, was also reclassified as an adjustment to the opening reserve balance. The total impact of the change in accounting policy was an increase to the opening reserve balance of \$8,456,197.

In early adopting the new standard for financial instruments the board was required to adopt new CICA Handbook Section 1530, *Comprehensive Income*, and Section 3865, *Hedges*. These standards did not have an impact on the financial statements because the board does not engage in the types of transactions addressed by these sections.



# 4. Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable

		2004 (\$000s)	2003 (\$000s)
Receivable		<del>.</del>	
Assessments	\$	1,067	\$ 718
Government of Yukon (note 10)		948	435
Other receivables	· .	147	 65
•	\$	2,162	\$ 1,218
Payable			
Assessments	\$	358	\$ 339
Government of Yukon (note 10)		1,332	1,364
Other payables		1,364	 765
,	\$	3,054	\$ 2,468





### 5. Investments and Investment Revenue

The Board has established a policy for the management of the investment process, utilizing external investment portfolio managers. The portfolio managers' compliance with this investment policy is monitored on a regular basis.

### a) Portfolio Investments

•			004 00s)			2003 (\$000s)	
		Fair Value	Rate of Return	Fair Value		Carrying Value	Rate of Return
Fixed-term securities		·					
Federal Bonds	\$	20,885		\$ 23,372	\$	22,903	•
Provincial Bonds		14,580		9,671		9,221	
Corporate Bonds		26,537		28,903	•	27,467	•
Municipal Bonds		742		912		880	
		62,744	6.7%	62,858		60,471	6.4%
Equities							
Canadian		21,018	16.2%	21,882		19,870	26.2%
United States		11,632	0.7%	11,947		13,441	0.6%
Overseas	•	32,143	7.9%	30,984		32,182	7.6%
		64,793		64,813		65,493	
						-	
Other investments							
Cash on account		622	•	185		186	
Treasury Bills	÷	2,939		3,279		3,310	
Accrued interest income		664		841		841	
	;	4,225		4,305		4,337	
Investments, sub-total		131,762		131,976		130,301	
Management fee accrual		(85)	•	(80)		(80)	
Deferred realized investment gains		<u> </u>			:	(6,781)	
<b>.</b>	\$	131,677	7.2%	\$ 131,896	\$	123,440	8.2%

#### (b) Investment Revenue

,		2004 (\$000s)		2003 (\$000s)
Dividends and interest				
Fixed-term	\$	3,541	\$	3,180
Equity		1,469		1,366
	<u> </u>	5,010	•	4,546
Gains and losses				
Amortized realized & unrealized gains		-	·	1,004
Realized gains in the year		1,072		-
Change in fair value in the year		3,213		-
		9,295		5,550
Investment management fees		(466)		(448)
	\$	8,829	\$	5,102

#### c) Credit Risk Management

Credit risk on financial instruments arises from the possibility that the issuer of a fixed-term instrument fails to meet its obligations. To manage this risk the board determined that short-term investments must have a credit rating of at least R1, and long term investments require a rating of A or higher by the Dominion Bond Rating Service in order to be eligible for consideration as an investment. Diversification of credit risk is managed by limiting the exposure in a single private institution to 5% of the portfolio.

### d) Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Fund has investments in equities denominated in foreign currencies. The board does not undertake long-term hedging strategies for the currency risk of foreign investments. The board undertakes long-term investment strategies. However, currency fluctuations may affect short-term returns. The fair value of investments in US\$ as at December 31, 2004 was \$18,821,374 (2003 - \$16,100,665 at cost). The Fund did not hold any investments in European currency at December 31, 2004 (2003 - \$378,515 at cost).



#### e) Interest Rate Risk Management

Fluctuations in interest rates can impact the fair value of the fixed-income portfolio, as well as shift investor preferences among asset classes. Interest rate risk is minimized by managing the duration of the fixed-term portfolio.

The fixed term investments, at fair value, in thousands of dollars, mature as follows:

1 to 5 years	effective yield of 3.42%	\$ 14,502	23%
6 to 10 years	effective yield of 4.31%	31,397	50%
greater than 10 years	effective yield of 5.16%	 16,845	27%
		\$ 62,744	100%

### 6. Property and Equipment

		Cost	(	2004 \$000s)			+	2003 (\$000s)
				umulated ortization	Carry	Net ying Value	Carr	Net ying Value
Land	\$	390	\$	-	\$	390	\$	390
Buildings		3,253		(991)		2,262		2,337
Furniture and equipment		543		(450)		93		95
Computer systems and equipment		1,835		(1,727)		108		108
Systems development (1)		1,211		(122)		1,089		990
	\$.	7,232	\$	(3,290)	\$	3,942	\$	3,920

(¹)The Achieving Better Customer Service project incurred expenditures of \$168,000 in 2004 (2003 - \$531,000). All of the 2004 project expenditures were capitalized and no business process improvements were expensed in the current year (2003 - \$156,000). As of December 31, 2004, costs of \$740,882 (2003 - \$674,698) for the claims and assessment components of the project have been capitalized and will not be amortized until these system components are substantially complete.

In 2003, the financial system was substantially complete and amortization of the system began in that year. In 2004, additional components of the financial system, with a cost of \$101,000 (2003 - \$368,790), were installed and amortized as part of the overall system.



## 7. Benefits Liability

7. Delicino Liability				2004 (\$000		<del>-</del>		(	2003 \$000s)
		cal Aid & ensation		Pension		Annuity	 Total		Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$	63,269	\$	22,206	\$	4,198	\$ 89,673	\$	95,022
Effects of change in assumptions(1)	·	_		_			· -		(8,336)
Adjusted balance, beginning of year	\$	63,269	\$	22,206	\$	4,198	\$ 89,673	\$	86,686
Add claims costs incurred:	.:							*	
Current year injuries		11,323		-		-	11,323		9,702
Prior years' injuries	·	5,856		1,558		806	8,220		6,001
		17,179		1,558		806	19,543		15,703
Less claims payments made:									
Current year injuries		2,225		-		-	2,225		1,950
Prior years' injuries		8,697		1,337		164	 10,198		10,766
	<u> </u>	10,922		1,337	_	164	 12,423		12,716
Balance, end of year	\$	69,526	<u>\$</u>	22,427	\$	4,840	\$ 96,793	\$	89,673

<sup>(</sup>¹) The actuarial assumption for conservatism in the benefits liability was changed in 2003. The conservatism assumption relates to the level of confidence that the benefits liability will be sufficient to cover claims costs in a certain percentage of cases in future years. The previous conservatism ratio was developed in 1997 using the five years of claims data available at that time. Based on additional claims data resulting from a longer claims history the actuary was able to determine a more appropriate level of conservatism based on the Fund's overall claims experience. The change resulted in a reduction in the liability of \$8,336,000.

The following key long-term economic assumptions were used in the actuarial valuation of the benefits liability:

	2004	2003
Future net investment rate of return	3.50%	3.50%
Future net discount rate in medical aid	1.50%	1.50%
Future net discount rate in compensation	2.50%	2.50%
Future net discount rate in rehabilitation	3.50%	3.50%
Future increase in the Consumer Price Index	3.50%	3.50%

The benefits liability was determined using accepted actuarial practices in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries. The actuarial present value of future benefits reflects management's long-term estimates of economic and actuarial assumptions and methods, which were based on past experience modified for current trends. As these assumptions may change over time to reflect underlying economic or legislated conditions, it is possible that such changes could cause a material change to the actuarial present value of future benefit payments. The fair value for the benefits liability is not practical to determine due to its long-term nature.



### 8. Reserves

Total reserves

The Board's review of the structure of the reserves, which began in 2003, will be completed in 2005. Until this review is completed, the Board felt that it would be premature to make any changes to the reserves.

In 2003, the Board decided that the prevention and benefit enhancement reserve be reduced by \$5,800,000 to cover the expenses of Bill 73 (\$5,400,000), which increased benefits of certain workers, and Bill 64 (\$400,000), which paid benefits to surviving spouses or common-law partners.

Allocations to the reserves in the current year are as follows:

					and Benefit ent Reserve
				2004 (\$000s)	2003 (\$000s)
Balance, beginning of year		•		\$ 9,937	\$ 15,309
Less adjustments to prior year	ar allocation			-	(5,800)
Current allocation				726	428
Balance, end of year	2.6			\$ 10,663	\$ 9,937
		•			
			Target Reserve		
	-	200	<u></u>		2003
		(\$00		•	(\$000s)
	Catastrophic Claims		Occupational Disease Claims	Total	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 13,160		\$ 6,277	\$ 32,169	\$ 33,390
Current allocation	240		499	1,793	(1,221)
Balance, end of the year	\$ 13,400	\$ 13,786	\$ 6,776	\$ 33,962	\$ 32,169
					<del></del>
			• .		
				2004 (\$000s)	2003 (\$000s)
Prevention and benefit enhar	ncement reserve	<b>.</b>	.** -**	\$ 10,663	\$ 9,937
Target reserve				33,962	32,169
Rate transition reserve, end	of year				
Total required reserves, end		•		\$ 44,625	\$ 42,106
Deficiency in reserve funding	<b>)</b>			(9,014)	(8, 135)

33,971

35,611

### 9. Employee Future Benefits

#### a) Public Service Pension Plan

Contributions made to the Public Service Pension Plan by the board and its employees for the year were as follows:

	2004 (\$000s		2003 (\$000s)		
Employees' contributions	\$ 165	\$	169		
Fund contributions	353	}	361		
Total	\$ 518	\$	530		

#### b) Other Benefits

The liability for employee non-pension benefits, including vacation, sick, compensatory and personal leave, travel bonus and severance at December 31, 2004 was as follows:

		2004 (\$000s)	-	2003 (\$000s)
Accrued benefits, beginning of the year	,	\$ 1,650	\$	1,327
Adjustment at the end of the year		(54)		448
Net payments made during the year		 (117)		(125)
Accrued benefits, end of the year		\$ 1,479	\$	1,650
Short-term portion, included in accounts payable		\$ 483	\$	117
Long-term portion		996		1,533
		\$ 1,479	\$	1,650

### 10. Related Party Transactions

#### a) Normal Course of Business

As an agency of the Government of Yukon (the Government), the board is related to all government departments, agencies and Crown corporations. The board enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business and the transactions are recorded at the exchange amount. All mainframe computer software is owned by the Government. The board has access to the Government of Yukon's overall line of credit facility with its banker. This access provides the board with overdraft coverage when needed.

The Compensation Fund paid the Government \$527,000 (2003 - \$633,000) for building maintenance, computer, office supplies, payroll processing, recruitment, vehicle and rehabilitation services. The Fund also reimbursed the Government for payroll costs of \$4,706,000 (2003 - \$4,866,000).

The Government pays certain claims costs to the Compensation Fund for claims prior to 1993 and also reimburses the cost of supplementary benefits pursuant to the Yukon Workers' Compensation Supplementary Benefits Ordinance (note 2d). Supplementary compensation benefits are granted, pursuant to the Yukon Workers'



Compensation Supplementary Benefits Ordinance, to all persons receiving compensation on or after October 1, 1973 for accidents prior to that date. Compensation is increased to the amount that would have been granted had the accident occurred after the Act came into force. The cost of these benefits is recovered from the Yukon Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Effective January 1, 1993, all Government employees were covered by the Fund. Revenues and recoveries from the Government of Yukon as at December 31, 2004 were as follows:

	·	2003 (\$000s)		
Assessments	\$	2,852	\$	2,626
Recoveries - Mine Rescue ( note10b)	\$	857	\$	-
Supplementary compensation benefits	\$	394	\$	461
Pre-93 claims costs	\$	180	\$	<b>537</b> .

As at December 31, 2004, balances due to and from related parties were as follows:

		2004 (\$000s)	2003 (\$000s)	
Due to Government of Yukon	\$	1,332	\$	1,364
Due from Government of Yukon - Recoveries (note10b)	\$	948	\$	435
Due from Government of Yukon - Assessments	\$	161	\$	155

#### b) Mine Rescue Recovery

On July 7, 2005, the Government of Yukon agreed that it owed the Fund a total amount of \$857,544 as at December 31, 2004 for the Mine Safety program, which was transferred to the board in 1993. This amount is comprised of recoveries for services provided by the board for management of the Mine Safety program from 2001 to 2004, inclusive, and has been included as recoveries and other receipts in 2004.

At the same time, the Government approved the reinstatement of ongoing of funding for the Mine Safety program through an annual grant to the board of \$329,500, beginning in fiscal 2005. This funding is to be reviewed by the Government, at a minimum, every five years.

### 11. Commitments

The board has commitments for office space, contribution agreements and professional legal and medical services for the next five years, in thousands of dollars, as follows:

2006 2007	304 169
2007	166
2008	98
2005	 
	\$ 1,098



### 12. Administration and Prevention Expenses

		2004 (\$000s)		2003 (\$000s)
Salaries and benefits	\$	4,781	\$	5,153
Consulting and professional		690		532
Amortization		295		366
Buildings		255		298
General administration	-	227		217
Board expenses		214		192
Communications		196	•	186
Computer systems	•	170		206
Automobile and travel		150	•	184
Printing and publications		117		115
Staffing and recruitment		73		82
Supplies and stationery		36		44
Furniture and equipment		23		9
	\$	7,227	\$	7,584



# 13. Contingencies

The board is responsible for future costs of claims relating to certain latent occupational diseases which may have occurred in the current year or previously, but which may not be recognized and reported for a number of years due to the extended latency period of such diseases. Because of the absence of reliable evidence and data pertaining to these matters, these liabilities cannot be estimated and are not included in the benefits liability. To address the future cost of these claims, an amount has been included in the target reserve for latent occupational diseases.

### 14. Fair value of Other Financial Instruments

The carrying value of accounts receivable, bank overdraft and accounts payable approximate their fair value given their short term to maturity.

# 15. Comparative Figures

Certain prior year's figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

