YUKON HOUSING CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2013

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Yukon Housing Corporation Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The financial statements contained in this annual report have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The integrity and objectivity of the data in these financial statements are management's responsibility.

In support of its responsibility, management has developed and maintains books of account, records, financial and management controls, information systems and management practices. These are designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the reliability of financial information; that assets are safeguarded and controlled; and that transactions are in accordance with the *Financial Administration Act* as well as the *Housing Corporation Act* and the by-laws of the Corporation.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control. The Board exercises its responsibility through the Financial and Risk Management Committee, which meets on a periodic basis with management and the independent external auditor to review the manner in which these groups are performing their responsibilities, and to discuss auditing, internal controls, and other relevant financial matters. The Financial and Risk Management Committee reviews the audited financial statements with the external auditor before making recommendations to the Board of Directors for their approval.

The Corporation's external auditor, the Auditor General of Canada, is responsible for auditing the financial statements and issuing his report thereon which is included with the audited financial statements. The Auditor General of Canada provides his report to the Minister responsible for the Yukon Housing Corporation.

Pamela J. Hine

President

F. Mark Davey, CPA CA

Director, Finance, Systems and Administration

October 2, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister responsible for the Yukon Housing Corporation

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Yukon Housing Corporation, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2013, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of change in net debt and statement of cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Yukon Housing Corporation as at 31 March 2013, and the results of its operations, changes in its net debt, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the *Housing Corporation Act*, I report that, in my opinion, the accounting principles in Canadian public sector accounting standards have been applied, except for the change in the method of accounting for government transfers as explained in Note 2(m) to the financial statements, on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Further, in my opinion, proper books of account have been kept by Yukon Housing Corporation and the financial statements are in agreement therewith. In addition, the transactions of Yukon Housing Corporation that have come to my notice during my audit of the financial statements have, in all significant respects, been in accordance with the *Financial Administration Act* of Yukon and regulations, the *Housing Corporation Act* and regulations and the by-laws of Yukon Housing Corporation.

Terrance DeJong, CA
Assistant Auditor General

for the Auditor General of Canada

2 October 2013 Vancouver, Canada



Yukon Housing Corporation Statement of Financial Position as at March 31, 2013

·	2013		2012				
			(Restated - Note 2(I) s of dollars)				
ash (Note 3) the from Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation accounts receivable (Note 4) the from the Government of Yukon (Note 17 (c)) the from the Government of Yukon (Note 17 (c)) the from the Government of Yukon (Note 16) bilities ank indebtedness (Note 3) accounts payable and accrued liabilities anvironmental liability (Note 6) the to the Government of Yukon (Note 17 (c)) afterred revenues - other afterred revenues - Affordable Housing Initiative afterred revenues - Seniors' Housing Management Fund (Note 8) ang-term debt (Note 9 and Note 16) and the first (Note 10) and debt (Note 2(I)) and the first (Note 13) and Schedule B) and Schedule B) and Schedule B) and Schedule B) and Schedule B)		(1100001100		i dollars)			
Financial assets							
Cash (Note 3)	\$	2,784	\$	4,435			
Due from Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation		288		285			
Accounts receivable (Note 4)		1,035		917			
Due from the Government of Yukon (Note 17 (c))		899		-			
Loans receivable (Note 5 and Note 16)		44,700		42,625			
		49,706		48,262			
Liabilities							
Bank indebtedness (Note 3)		2,147		-			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,057		2,919			
Environmental liability (Note 6)		610		1,031			
Due to the Government of Yukon (Note 17 (c))		-		817			
Deferred revenues - other		74		135			
Deferred revenues - Affordable Housing Initiative		-		1, 4 57			
		-		873			
Deferred revenues - Seniors' Housing Management Fund (Note 8)		-		2,683			
Long-term debt (Note 9 and Note 16)		31,090		34,155			
Post-employment benefits (Note 10)		2,020		1,759			
Advances - Government of Yukon (Note 2(I) and Note 12)		13,652		13,375			
		52,650		59,204			
Net debt (Note 2(I))		(2,944)		(10,942)			
Non-financial assets							
Tangible capital assets (Note 13 and Schedule B)		63,534		64,066			
Less deferred capital contributions (Note 14)		-		(53,942)			
Prepaid expenses		92		100			
		63,626		10,224			
Accumulated surplus (deficit) (Note 2(I))	\$	60,682	\$	(718)			

Contractual obligations and contingencies (Note 18)

Approved by the Board of Directors

Director

Director



Yukon Housing Corporation Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus for the year ended March 31, 2013

Tor the year ended Maren et, 2010	2	013	2012			
	Main	•	(Restated - Note 2(I			
	Estimates	Actual	Actual			
	(Note 1(c))	(thousands	of dollars)			
Revenues						
Recognition of deferred Canada Mortgage and						
Housing Corporation capital contributions						
(Note 2(m) and Note 14)	\$ -	\$ 42,766	\$ -			
Rental income	4,500	5,197	4,929			
Funding from Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation						
- Social Housing Agreement	4,405	4,405	4,420			
 Affordable Housing Initiative (AHI) (Note 2(m)) 	2,035	4,347	146			
- AHI - economic stimulus funding (Note 7)	-	873	1,091			
Recognition of Seniors' Housing						
Management Fund (Note 2(m) and Note 8)	-	2,683	61			
Interest income	1,878	1,450	1,713			
Recovery of corporate services costs (Note 17 (a))	1,050	1,009	975			
Tenant damage charge back recovery	100	172	121			
Other	40	111	97			
Recovery of subsidy expense	-	26	77			
Amortization of deferred Canada Mortgage and		20	• • •			
			1,233			
Housing Corporation capital contributions (Note 14)	-	_	345			
Recovery from Federal Co-op Stabilization Fund	-	-				
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	-	-	101			
Recovery of concessionary loans grant expense	-	-	88			
	14,008	63,039	15,397			
Expenses (Note 15)						
Program costs (Schedule A)	17,352	14,397	14,900			
Grants to flood victims	•	3,247	44			
Corporate services costs (Note 17(a) and Schedule A)	3,187	2,900	3,057			
Administration (Schedule A)	1,713	1,819	1,587			
Interest on long-term debt	900	685	788			
-	23,152	23,048	20,376			
O 1 (1) ft = 10) f = 10 Alice access						
Surplus (deficit) for the year before government funding	(9,144)	39,991	(4,979)			
Government of Yukon funding						
Recognition of deferred capital contributions						
(Note 2(m) and Note 14)	-	11,176	-			
Operations and maintenance transfer payment (Note 2(I))	5,782	4,960	3,746			
Capital transfer payment (Note 2 (I))	2,252	4,771	605			
Rental assistance - in-kind (Note 17 (b))	-	502	502			
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 14)		-	1,099			
	8,034	21,409	5,952			
Surplus (deficit) for the year (Note 2 (I))	(1,110)	61,400	973			
Accumulated deficit at beginning of year (Note 2(I))		(718)	(1,691)			
Accumulated surplus (deficit) at end of year (Note 2 (I))	ı	\$ 60,682	\$ (718)			
Accumulated surplus (deficit) at end of year (Note 2 (I))		\$ 60,682	\$ (718)			



Yukon Housing Corporation Statement of Change in Net Debt for the year ended March 31, 2013

		2	2012				
		Main	(Restate	estated - Note 2(I))		
	Es	stimates	 Actual		Actual		
	(N	ote 1(c))	(thousands	of dolla	ars)		
Surplus (deficit) for the year (Note 2 (I))	\$	(1,110)	\$ 61,400	\$	973		
Effect of change in tangible capital assets							
Acquisitions		-	(1,805)		(6,232)		
Personnel costs allocated to asset construction		-	(177)		(633)		
Capital contributions received and deferred (Note 14)		-	-		6,865		
Amortization of tangible capital assets		3,010	2,441		2,998		
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 14)		-	-		(2,107)		
Recognition of deferred capital contributions (Note 2 (m)			(50.040)				
and Note 14)		-	(53,942)		- 225		
Write-down of tangible capital assets		-	73		225 11		
Disposal of tangible capital assets (net book value) Reduction due to impairment and/or		_	-				
disposal of tangible capital assets (Note 14)			-		(225)		
		3,010	 (53,410)		902		
Effect of change in other non-financial assets							
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		-	 8		(32)		
		_	8		(32)		
Decrease in net debt	\$	1,900	7,998		1,843		
Net debt at beginning of year			(10,942)		(12,785)		
Net debt at end of year			\$ (2,944)	\$	(10,942)		



Yukon Housing Corporation Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2013

,		2013		2012		
		((Restated - Note 2(I))			
		(thousands	of doll	ars)		
Operating transactions			_			
Surplus for the year (Note 2(I))	\$	61,400	\$	973		
Adjustments for non-cash items						
Recognition of deferred capital contributions (Note 2(m)		(50.040)				
and Note 14)		(53,942)		-		
Recognition of Seniors' Housing Management Fund (Note 2(m) and Note 8)		(2,683)		(61)		
Funding from Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation		(2,003)		(01)		
Affordable Housing Initiative (AHI) (Note 2(m))		(1,457)		(146)		
AHI - economic stimulus funding (Note 7)		(873)		(1,091)		
Amortization of tangible capital assets (Note 15 and Schedule B)		2,441		2,998		
Post-employment benefits expense (Note 10)		324		233		
Bad debts expense (Schedule A)		108		99		
Write-down of tangible capital assets (Schedule B)		73		225		
Mortgages receivable allowances (Note 5)		68		(168)		
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 14)		-		(2,332)		
Recovery from Federal Co-op Stabilization Fund		-		(305)		
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets		-		(101)		
		5,459		324		
Changes in accruals of operating cash receipts or payments		(2,344)		(12,067)		
Cash provided by (used for) operating transactions		3,115		(11,743)		
Capital transactions						
Acquisition of tangible capital assets (Schedule B)		(1,982)		(6,865)		
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets		-		112		
Cash used for capital transactions		(1,982)		(6,753)		
Investing transactions		(40.004)		(7.040)		
Issuances of mortgages receivable		(10,021)		(7,942)		
Repayments of mortgages receivable		6,894 252		11,129 132		
Net cash provided by land sales agreements	-					
Cash provided by (used for) investing transactions		(2,875)		3,319		
Financing transactions						
Net repayments of long-term debt		(2,333)		(2,324)		
Advances from the Government of Yukon (Note 12)		277		-		
Cash provided by financing transactions		(2,056)		(2,324)		
Decrease in cash		(3,798)		(17,501)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year (Note 3)		4,435		21,936		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (Note 3)	\$	637	\$	4,435		
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information						
·	\$	694	\$	804		
Interest received		1,470		1,621		
Decrease in cash Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year (Note 3) Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (Note 3) Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Interest paid		(3,798) 4,435 637		(17,501) 21,936 4,435		



1. Authority and operations

(a) Authority

Yukon Housing Corporation (the Corporation) was established in 1972 by the *Housing Corporation Act* of Yukon to undertake, carry to completion, or assist in the provision, development, maintenance and management of housing. Disbursements for operations and loans are authorized by the Yukon Legislative Assembly through the *Appropriation Acts*. The Corporation is subject to the *Financial Administration Act* of Yukon.

(b) Mission

The mission of the Corporation is to improve the quality of housing in Yukon and help Yukoners resolve their housing needs.

In carrying out its mission, the Corporation provides rental housing at below market rents to applicants who qualify for social housing. Rental income received from housing tenants is less than the associated costs of supplying these rental units. The Corporation also provides loans for the purpose of housing. The Corporation is dependent on the Government of Yukon for funding its operations.

Pursuant to Order-in-Council 1982/343, the Whitehorse Housing Authority (the Authority) was created and designated as an agent of the Corporation. The Authority operates, manages and administers social housing units in the City of Whitehorse on behalf of the Corporation. All transactions of the Authority are borne by the Corporation which is also responsible for the capital and maintenance costs of social housing units operated by the Authority.

Pursuant to Section 45(1) of the *Housing Corporation Act*, the Commissioner in Executive Council has established Housing Advisory Boards in the communities of Carcross, Carmacks, Dawson City, Faro, Haines Junction, Mayo, Ross River, Teslin and Watson Lake. Local Housing Advisory Boards are established for the purpose of involving local community members in the decision making process regarding housing in their community. They provide advisory, regulatory and adjudicative services to the Corporation.

(c) Main estimates

The Main Estimates comparative figures are from the Main Estimates approved in the Yukon Legislative Assembly in 2012. These figures do not reflect changes arising from the Supplementary Estimates approved later in the year by the Yukon Legislative Assembly.

2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Significant accounting policies are as follows:

(a) Reporting entity

The Corporation's financial results include the transactions of the Whitehorse Housing Authority and Housing Advisory Boards.

(b) Funding and advances from the Government of Yukon

A funding agreement between the Corporation and the Government of Yukon authorizes the Government of Yukon to provide the Corporation with an annual operations and maintenance transfer payment and a capital transfer payment. The transfer payments are equal to the Corporation's actual net operating deficit and net capital expenditures calculated in accordance with the funding agreement and reported to the Government of Yukon in the Corporation's final Period 12 Variance Report. The transfer payments are recognized in accordance with the Corporation's policy for the recognition of government transfers (Note 2(i)). Advances provided by the Government of Yukon in excess of the transfer payments are recorded as a liability of the Corporation (Note 12).

The free rental of a social housing building provided by the Government of Yukon to the Corporation is recorded as rental assistance in-kind revenue and offsetting building services in-kind expenses (Note 17 (b)).



(c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, bank balances and bank indebtedness repayable on demand.

(d) Loans receivable

Mortgages receivable are fully secured and recorded at cost less any amount for valuation allowances.

Based on historical loss experience, management establishes a valuation allowance for impaired loans. Mortgages are classified as impaired when the Corporation no longer has reasonable assurance of timely collection of the full amount of principal and interest due. The valuation allowance adjusts a mortgage's carrying value to its net realizable amount.

Under the Social Housing Agreement signed with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) in 1998, the Corporation may be required to subsidize a debtor's repayment of a Rural and Native Housing Home Ownership Program mortgage. These subsidies vary in amount depending on the income of the recipients and are expensed when incurred. CMHC funding provided to the Corporation includes an amount for subsidies.

Under the Home Repair Program, the Corporation may subsidize a debtor's repayment. These subsidies, reviewed annually, are based on the debtor's ability to pay. Each year, the Corporation records an allowance for Home Repair Program subsidies based on loans receiving a subsidy at year end.

Loans with significant concessionary terms are reviewed annually. Each year the Corporation records an allowance based on the present value of the loans at the average borrowing rate.

Loans receivable from lots sold to purchasers for residential, commercial and recreational purposes under land sales agreements, are recorded at the lower of cost or net recoverable value.

(e) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are valued at cost, net of accumulated amortization. Interest on loans during construction of capital assets is capitalized. Assets under construction are not amortized until available for use.

Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method, over the estimated useful lives of assets. During the year, based on historical experience and future plans, the Corporation changed the estimated useful lives of the following categories of tangible capital assets: housing projects changed from 35 to 40 years; mobile home units changed from 15 to 20 years; and the office building changed from 20 to 40 years. The effect of this change in estimates has been accounted for prospectively.

Social housing projects	40 years
Social housing betterment	15 years
Staff housing projects and other facilities:	
Standard construction	40 years
Mobile home units	20 years
Office building	40 years
Other facilities	15 years
Furnishings and equipment	5 to 15 years
Vehicles	6 years
Computer systems	3 years
Leasehold improvements	remaining lease term

Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to the Corporation's ability to provide services. The write-downs are accounted for as expenses in the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

(f) Environmental liabilities

An environmental liability is accrued and an expense recorded when management determines an obligation exists and when a reasonable estimate of the obligation can be made. Environmental liabilities are measured based on the estimated costs required to remediate the related contaminated site.



(g) Post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits are expected to be provided to employees of the Corporation after employment but before retirement. These benefits include severance benefits and accumulated sick and vacation leave benefits that are paid in cash when employment is terminated. The Corporation recognizes the obligation for these benefits as a liability and uses an actuary to estimate the amount of the obligation. Expenses related to post-employment benefits are recognized in the period in which the employee's service is rendered and the benefit is earned. The accrued benefit liability for these benefits is calculated as the accrued benefit obligation adjusted by unamortized actuarial gains or losses. Net actuarial gains and losses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service life of the active employees commencing with the period following the determination of the net actuarial gains or losses.

(h) Retirement benefits

All eligible employees participate in the Public Service Pension Plan administered by the Government of Canada. The Corporation's contribution to the Plan reflects the full cost as employer. This amount is currently based on a multiple of the employees' required contributions, and may change over time depending on the experience of the Plan. The Corporation's contributions are expensed during the year in which the services are rendered and represent the total pension obligation of the Corporation. The Corporation is not currently required to make contributions with respect to any actuarial deficiencies of the Public Service Pension Plan.

(i) Revenue recognition

Government transfers are recognized as revenues when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

Interest income on mortgages is recognized using the effective interest method. When a mortgage becomes impaired, recognition of interest ceases; thereafter, interest income for impaired loans is recognized on a cash basis.

Rental income is recorded on an accrual basis.

(j) Expenses

Expenses are recorded on an accrual basis. Transfer payments are recorded as expenses when authorized and recipients have met eligibility criteria.

(k) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and contingencies. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty. As adjustments to these estimates become necessary, they are recorded in the financial statements in the year they become known. The effect on the financial statements of changes to such estimates and assumptions in future periods could be significant; although, at the time of preparation of these statements, the Corporation believes the estimates and assumptions to be reasonable.

Management estimates include: valuation of loans receivable, valuation of Home Repair Program subsidies, valuation of loans receivable with concessionary terms, valuation of accounts receivable, determination of amortization, valuation of post-employment benefits, and estimation of environmental liabilities.



(I) Restatement of prior period

In prior periods, the Corporation recorded an operating grant in accordance with the *Housing Corporation Act*. However, funding authorized and provided to the Corporation by the Government of Yukon was calculated in accordance with a separate funding arrangement between the two parties (Note 2(b)). The transfer payments authorized by the Government of Yukon in accordance with the funding arrangement differed from the operating grant included in the Statements of Operations and Accumulated Surplus. As a result, the financial statements of prior periods that are presented have been restated. The impact of the restatement is as follows:

	Balance as						
	previously		Balance as				
	reported	Restatement	restated				
	(the	ousands of dollar	s)				
Financial Assets	\$ 48,262	\$ -	\$ 48,262				
Liabilities							
Other	(45,829)	-	(45,829)				
Advances - Government of Yukon	(12,657)	(718)	(13,375)				
Net debt	(10,224)	(718)	(10,942)				
Non-financial assets	10,224_		10,224				
Accumulated deficit	<u> </u>	\$ (718)	\$ (718)				
Deficit for the year before government funding	\$ (4,979)	\$ -	(4,979)				
Government of Yukon Funding							
Operations and maintenance transfer payment	-	3,746	3,746				
Capital transfer payment	-	605	605				
Operating grant	3,378	(3,378)	-				
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	1,099	-	1,099				
Rental assistance - in-kind	502		502				
Surplus for the year	-	973	973				
Accumulated deficit at beginning of year		(1,691)	(1,691)				
Accumulated deficit at end of year	<u> </u>	\$ (718)	\$ (718)				

(m) Adoption of new accounting standards

On April 1, 2012, the Corporation adopted the following new standard prospectively from the date of adoption: PS 3410 - Government transfers. This new standard clarifies the difference between eligibility criteria and stipulations and their roles in the recognition of government transfers. It explains how the definition of liabilities in Section PS 3200 - Liabilities should apply to the recognition of government transfers by recipient governments or government organizations and that they will no longer be allowed to apply guidance in Section PS 3100 - Restricted assets and revenues for reporting government transfers.

As of March 31, 2012, the Corporation recorded funding received to acquire tangible capital assets as deferred capital contributions and amortized them as a recovery on the same basis as the related asset. On April 1, 2012, in accordance with the provisions of PS 3410, the Corporation recognized all deferred capital contributions, resulting in a \$53,942,000 recovery in the current year.

At March 31, 2012, the Corporation's Statement of Financial Position included deferred revenues related to the Seniors' Housing Management Fund of \$2,683,000. The Corporation planned to recognize these deferred revenues as it incurred eligible costs on projects benefiting seniors, subject to Management Board approval of those projects. On April 1, 2012, in accordance with the provisions of PS 3410, the Corporation recognized these deferred revenues, resulting in a \$2,683,000 recovery in the current year.



At March 31, 2012, the Corporation's Statement of Financial Position included deferred revenues related to the Affordable Housing Initiative (AHI) of \$1,457,000. Of this amount, \$407,000 related to AHI funding for home repair loans, which was recognized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related home repair loan agreements. The Corporation planned to recognize the remaining \$1,050,000 as it incurred eligible costs in accordance with the AHI. On April 1, 2012, in accordance with the provisions of PS 3410, the Corporation recognized these deferred revenues, resulting in a \$1,457,000 recovery in the current year.

(n) New accounting standards issued not yet effective

The Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) has issued PS 3260 - Liability for contaminated sites which must be adopted by the Corporation in fiscal 2015. The Corporation is currently assessing the effect of this new standard, and the impact of adopting PS 3260 has not been determined.

PSAB has issued the following new standards which must be adopted by the Corporation in fiscal 2016: PS 1201 -Financial statement presentation, PS 2601 - Foreign currency translation, and PS 3450 - Financial instruments. The Corporation expects the adoption of these standards will require additional note disclosure but will not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents

	2013	2012
	(thousand	s of dollars)
Cash		
Bank balances	\$ 2,781	\$ 4,432
Cash on hand	3	3
	2,784	4,435
Bank indebtedness		
Overdraft line of credit	(2,147)	. <u>-</u>
	\$ 637	\$ 4,435

The Corporation has an overdraft facility with its banker of up to \$11,000,000 at bank prime less 0.25%. At year end, the bank prime rate was 3.00% (2012 - 3.00%). The overdraft is guaranteed by the Government of Yukon.

As at year end, \$2,535,000 (2012 - \$2,683,000) of bank balances are held in a separate bank account for future projects benefitting seniors (Note 8).

Accounts receivable

	2	2013		012	
	- (tr	ousands	of dollars)		
Receivable from tenants	\$	929	\$	650	
Receivable from Yukon Liquor Corporation (Note 17(a))		247		225	
Other receivables		462		525	
Less: valuation allowance for receivable from tenants		(603)		(483)	
	<u>_</u> \$	1,035	\$	917	



Loans receivable	C4-4-4 0/		
	Stated % interest rates	2013	2012
	interest rates	(thousands	
Mortgages receivable		\	,
Home Ownership	0.00 - 7.00	\$ 25,093	\$ 22,818
Loans with terms up to five years, secured by registered charges against real property, repayable in blended weekly, bi-weekly or monthly payments at fixed rates of interest and with maturities up 2018. Rural and Native Home Ownership mortgages receiving subsidies (Note 2(d)) at March 31, 2013 were \$268,000 (2012 - \$329,000).	to		
Owner Build	1.25 - 5.92	4,228	3,801
Loans are advanced during the construction phase of a home for maximum period of two years. During the first six months of the construction period, loans are provided at the interest rate of 0%, with gradual increases, reaching to a market rate in the last six months. Repayment terms are up to five years, secured by registered charges against real property with maturities up to 201			
Repair and Upgrade	0.00 - 5.75	6,917	7,024
Loans with terms up to 12 years, secured by registered charges against real property or chattel mortgages, repayable in blended weekly, bi-weekly or monthly payments at fixed rates of interest v maturities up to 2025. Mortgages receiving subsidies (Note 2 (d) and forgiveness at March 31, 2013 were \$170,000 (2012 - \$220,000).			
Energy Management	0.00	66	75
Loans with terms up to ten years, secured by registered charges against real property or chattel mortgages, repayable in periodic instalments without interest with maturities up to 2033.		0.424	1 502
Housing Industry Loans Loans with terms up to 20 years, secured by registered charges against real property or general security agreements, repayable is blended bi-weekly or monthly payments at fixed rates of interest maturities up to 2039. The balance includes Joint Venture loans \$1,019,000 (2012 - \$589,000).	with	2,134	1,593
Subtotal mortgages receivable		38,438	35,311
Less: allowance for Home Repair Program subsidies		(155)	(215)
Less: allowance for loans receivable with concessionary terms		(421)	(276)
Less: allowance for impaired loans		(81)	(98)
Net mortgages receivable		37,781	34,722
Land sales agreements receivable Loans on residential, commercial and recreational lots, secured by retention of the land certificate, repayable in blended annual payme at fixed rates of interest with maturities up to 2018.		6,919	7,903
Total loans receivable		\$ 44,700	\$ 42,625
These loans receivable earn interest at the following weighted averag	e rates:		
		2013	2012
Mortgages receivable		3.01%	3.36%
Land sales agreements receivable		5.01%	5.02%



6. Environmental liability

In fall 2010, it was confirmed that approximately 20,000 litres of fuel oil spilled under two Yukon Housing Corporation properties in Dawson City. The remediation plan and projected future costs were prepared by independent consultants, and the remediation procedures started in the summer of 2011. To facilitate remediation the apartment building was demolished and removed. In fall 2012, it was determined that the residence adjacent to the apartment building would need to be removed to complete remediation of the site. Projected future expenditures over the next 5 fiscal years total \$610,000 (2012 - \$1,031,000 over 6 fiscal years).

Changes in the environmental liability are as follows:

	 2013		2012	
	 thousands	of do	dollars)	
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 1,031	\$	1,300	
Actual expenditures in current year relating to fuel oil spills	 (421)		(269)	
Balance at end of year	\$ 610	\$	1,031	

2012

2012

7. Economic stimulus funding

On May 22, 2009, the Corporation entered into an agreement with CMHC to access funding for Economic Stimulus measures under Canada's Economic Action Plan through the Affordable Housing Initiative. Under this agreement, CMHC agreed to contribute up to \$51.29 million in economic stimulus funding for project commitments made by the Corporation from January 27, 2009 to March 31, 2011 with construction completed by November 30, 2012.

The following projects had received CMHC funding commitments as at year end:

	2013 (thousands of dollars)									
Project	Non- Tangible Funding capitalized Capital Asset Advanced expenditures Acquisitions		ital Asset	Reve	erred enue at of year	Construction In Progress (Note 13)				
Renovation of existing social housing Riverdale apartments Watson Lake seniors facility Faro seniors facility Teslin seniors facility Takhini North duplexes Dawson Apartments Other	\$	(12) 4 (16) (15) (14) 51 -	\$	- - - - -	\$	(1) 18 4 - 1 51 14 786	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	873	\$	_	\$	
				2012	2 (tho	usands of o	dollars)			
Renovation of existing social housing Riverdale apartments Watson Lake seniors facility Faro seniors facility Teslin seniors facility Takhini North duplexes Dawson Apartments Other	\$	(132) 148 (72) 179 232 177 39 (271)	\$	(966) (57) (7) (5) (4) (10) (51)		73 (172) 335 - (225) (1,801) (41) (3,011)	\$	11 14 20 15 15 15 - 14 784	\$	- - - - - 3,228
	\$	300	\$	(1,091)	\$	(4,842)	\$	873	\$	3,228

For any projects with higher costs than amounts committed, the Corporation is allowed to adjust the record of commitment with CMHC to reflect actual eligible project costs.



8. Seniors' Housing Management Fund

The Seniors' Housing Management Fund (SHMF) was established under Section 9 of the *Housing Corporation Act* to provide for the future housing needs of Yukon's seniors. The Government of Yukon approved the establishment of the Fund in October 2000.

Until 2010, the Fund received Government of Yukon funding through an annual appropriation, an appropriation equal to interest revenue generated by the Corporation's Green Mortgage Program and interest revenue earned on monies held for the Fund. The SHMF at March 31, 2012 represents the unrecognized portion of Government of Yukon funding to be used for projects benefiting seniors, subject to Management Board approval of those projects (Note 2(m)). In July 2012, the Government of Yukon directed the Corporation to use the SHMF for a Whitehorse seniors' housing project, which is expected to be completed in fiscal 2015.

Changes in the Seniors' Housing Management Fund are as follows:

	 2013		
	 (thousands o		
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 2,683	\$	3,404
Recognition of Seniors' Housing Management Fund (Note 2(m))	(2,683)		
Funding for seniors buildings - capitalized portion (Note 14)	-		(660)
Funding for seniors buildings - non-capitalized portion	 		(61)
Balance at end of year	\$ -	\$	2,683

Stated %

9. Long-term debt

	Stated 76				
	interest rates	2013			2012
			llars)		
Mortgages payable to chartered banks and CMHC (guaranteed by the					
Government of Yukon)	1.88 - 12.50	\$	6,913	\$	7,763
Loans with a variety of terms, secured by fixed charges against					
housing projects, repayable in blended monthly payments at fixed					
rates of interest and with maturities up to 2029.					
Loans payable to chartered banks and CMHC (guaranteed by the					
Government of Yukon)	3.35 - 13.25		4,482		5,347
Loans repayable in blended periodic installments at fixed rates of					
interest to maturity and with maturities up to 2028.					
Loans payable to the Government of Yukon	0.00		12,198		12,816
Repayable without interest in periodic instalments to 2027. The					
balance includes a loan of \$121,000 (2012 - \$274,000) secured by the					
Corporation's head office building. (Schedule B)					
Land sales agreements due to the Government of Yukon	0.00		7,497		8,229
Repayable without interest in periodic instalments to 2017.					
Total long-term debt		\$	31,090	\$	34,155
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The mortgages and loans payable bear interest at the following weighted average interest rates:

	2013	2012
Mortgages payable to chartered banks and CMHC	5.48%	5.67%
Loans payable to chartered banks and CMHC	5.96%	5.68%



Principal repayments required over the next five years are as follows:

		Loans Payable										
	Mort	gages	Banks and				Government		Land Sales			
	Pay	yable	C	MHC	of Yukon		Agre	eements	-	Total		
					(thou	sands of o	dollars)					
2014	\$	879	\$	901	\$	586	\$	3,297	\$	5,663		
2015		895		908		465		1,361		3,629		
2016		826		867		465		1,877		4,035		
2017		641		225		465		699		2,030		
2018		530		154		265		263		1,212		
Thereafter		3,142		1,427		9,952				14,521		
Total		6,913		4,482		12,198		7,497		31,090		

At March 31, 2013, the Corporation owed the Government of Yukon a Land Sales Agreements principal payment of \$607,000 (2012 - \$404,000) for principal amounts collected during the year. The amount was subsequently paid to the Government of Yukon in April 2013.

10. Post-employment benefits

The Corporation provides post-employment benefits to its employees based on years of service and salary. These benefits consist of severance benefits and unused sick and vacation leave.

The actuarial obligation for sick and vacation leave and severance benefits is calculated using the projected benefit method prorated on service. Post-employment benefits are not funded and thus have no assets, resulting in a plan deficit equal to the accrued benefit obligation. Benefits will be paid from future appropriations or other sources of revenue.

The results measured at March 31 are summarized as follows:

	2013		2012		
		(thousands		llars)	
Accrued benefit liability, beginning of year	\$	1,759	\$	1,526	
Add: Current service costs		202		123	
Interest on accrued benefit liability		108		96	
Contributions made by the Corporation		5		7	
Less: Benefits paid during the year		(68)		(7)	
Amortization of net actuarial gains		14		14	
Accrued benefit liability, end of year	\$	2,020	\$	1,759	
Unamortized net actuarial loss		122		136	
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	\$	2,142	\$	1,895	
The significant actuarial assumptions were:					
		2013		2012	
Discount rate		5.33%		5.33%	
Salary escalation rate (per annum)		2.25%		2.25%	
Expected average remaining service life of active employees	1	0.8 years	10	0.8 years	

The most recent actuarial valuation made for these post-employment benefits was as of April 1, 2010. The next required valuation would be as of April 1, 2013.



11. Retirement benefits

Substantially all of the employees of the Corporation are covered by the Public Service Pension Plan (the "Plan"), a contributory defined benefit plan established through legislation and sponsored by the Government of Canada. Contributions are required by both the employees and the Corporation. Contributions during the year were as follows:

		2013	2	2012
	-	(thousands	of dol	lars)
Employer's contribution	\$	682	\$	641
Employees' contribution		373		333

The Government of Canada holds a statutory obligation for the payment of benefits relating to the Plan. Pension benefits generally accrue up to a maximum period of 35 years at an annual rate of two percent of pensionable service times the average of the best five consecutive years of earnings. The benefits are coordinated with Canada Pension Plan benefits and they are indexed to inflation.

12. Advances - Government of Yukon

Advances from the Government of Yukon represent a series of working capital advances by the Government of Yukon to the Corporation. These advances are repayable on demand and without interest.

	2013	2012
	(thousands	of dollars)
Balance at beginning of year, restated (Note 2(I))	\$ 13,375	\$ 13,375
Cash advanced during the year	10,008	5,714
Operations and maintenance transfer payment (Note 2(I))	(4,960)	(3,746)
Capital transfer payment (Note 2(I))	(4,771)	(605)
Funding used to purchase tangible capital assets (Note 14)		(1,363)
	277	
Balance at end of year	\$ 13,652	\$ 13,375

13. Tangible capital assets

			2013		2012	
				(thousands	s of dollars)	
	Acc	cumulated	N	et Book	N	et Book
Cost	Cost Amortization			Value		Value
\$ 3,956	\$			3,956	\$	3,920
81,247		30,732		50,515		50,873
15,844		8,885		6,959		7,218
1,923		1,193		730		766
796		785		11		12
1,686		437		1,249		1,277
 370		256		114		
 105,822	\$	42,288	\$	63,534	<u>\$</u>	64,066
\$	\$ 3,956 81,247 15,844 1,923 796 1,686 370	Cost Am \$ 3,956 \$ 81,247 15,844 1,923 796 1,686 370	\$ 3,956 \$ - 81,247 30,732 15,844 8,885 1,923 1,193 796 785 1,686 437 370 256	Accumulated Amortization \$ 3,956 \$ - 81,247 30,732 15,844 8,885 1,923 1,193 796 785 1,686 437 370 256	Accumulated Net Book Value	Accumulated Cost Amortization \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Amortization \$\frac{1}\$ Amortization \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Amortization \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Amortiz

At March 31, 2013, there were construction projects in progress in the amount of \$296,000 (2012- \$3,228,000) (Note 7). There was no interest incurred for the construction of tangible capital assets in the current year or previous year.



14. Deferred capital contributions

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized portion of Government of Yukon and CMHC contributions used to purchase tangible capital assets up to March 31, 2012 (Note 2(m)).

Changes in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

2013		2012
(thousands	of d	ollars)
\$ 53,942	\$	49,409
(53,942)		•
-		4,842
-		1,363
-		660
-		(2,107)
 	_	(225)
\$ -	\$	53,942
\$	(thousands \$ 53,942	(thousands of de \$ 53,942 \$

15. Expenses by object

	(thousands of dolla						
Materials, supplies and utilities	\$	7,232 \$	7,036				
Personnel		6,870	6,223				
Transfer payments		3,993	716				
Amortization expenses		2,441	2,998				
Other		1,271	1,355				
Interest on long-term debt		685	788				
Communication and transportation		493	318				
Contract and special services		63	942				
	<u>\$ 2</u>	23,048 \$	20,376				

2012

2013

16. Financial instruments

The balances in Cash, Due from Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Accounts receivable, Due from the Government of Yukon, Bank indebtedness, Accounts payable and accrued liabilities and Due to the Government of Yukon have fair values that approximate their carrying amount due to their short term to maturity.

Fair value information is not disclosed for Advances - Government of Yukon (Note 12) because it arose as a result of related party transactions and bears no interest. There is no active market for such instruments.

The fair values of the Corporation's loans receivable and long-term debt were based on management's best estimates and were determined using the present value of future cash flows discounted at the March 31, 2013 estimated market rate for mortgages and loans with similar maturities.



The carrying amount and estimated fair values of loans receivable and long term debt are as follows:

	2013				2012			
				(thousands	of do	ollars)		··············
		Carrying	Fair Value		Carrying		Fa	air Value
Loans receivable Mortgages receivable net of allowances Land sales agreements receivable	\$	37,781 6,919	\$	35,582 7,371	\$	34,722 7,903	\$	30,511 8,392
	\$	44,700	\$	42,953	\$	42,625	\$	38,903
Long-term debt Mortgages payable to chartered banks and CMHC Loans payable to chartered banks and CMHC Loans payable to the Government of Yukon Land sales agreements due to the Government of Yukon	\$	6,913 4,482 12,198 7,497	\$	7,227 4,764 6,381 6,973	\$	7,763 5,347 12,816 8,229	\$	8,162 5,580 6,532 7,164
	\$	31,090	\$	25,345	\$	34,155	\$	27,438

These financial instruments do not have active markets.

Until settled, the fair value of loans receivable and long-term debt will fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Management believes the carrying amount of loans receivable will be fully recovered.

17. Related party transactions and balances

The Corporation is related in terms of common ownership to all Government of Yukon departments, corporations and agencies. In addition to those related party transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements (Note 9 & 12), the Corporation enters into transactions with related entities in the normal course of business.

(a) Shared services costs

Under the Corporate Services arrangement, which consolidates functions such as finance, systems and administration, policy and communications and human resources services, the Corporation provides corporate services to Yukon Liquor Corporation. During 2013, the Corporation incurred total corporate service costs of \$2,900,000 (2012 - \$3,057,000). The amount charged by the Corporation to Yukon Liquor Corporation for corporate services for the year was \$1,009,000 (2012 - \$975,000). Of the amount charged to Yukon Liquor Corporation, \$247,000 (2012 - \$225,000) was receivable at year end.

(b) Other transactions

The value of administrative services provided without charge by the Government of Yukon to the Corporation is estimated in 2013 to be \$21,000 (2012 - \$23,000). This amount has been included in the Statement of Operations under Administration expenses. The value of territorial agent services provided without charge by the Corporation to the Government of Yukon for 2013 is estimated to be \$51,000 (2012 - \$44,000). This amount has been included in the Statement of Operations under Program costs.

The employees of the Corporation are paid by the Government of Yukon. The Corporation reimbursed the Government for salaries and benefits expenses paid of \$7,200,000 during 2013 (2012 - \$6,662,000).

In 2008, the Corporation entered into an agreement with the Government of Yukon for the care and maintenance of a 48 unit seniors' social housing constructed as part of the Athletes' Village in Whitehorse. The Corporation has assumed responsibility for the facilities operation and maintenance costs. The value of services provided without charge, relating to the use of this building by the Corporation, is estimated in 2013 to be \$502,000 (2012 - \$502,000) based on the Government of Yukon's amortization expense.

During 2013, the Corporation was charged \$462,000 (2012 - \$740,000) by the Government for information technology support services, office rental, office supplies, computer software licensing and vehicle rental services.



(c) Due from (to) the Government of Yukon

	2013			2012	
		(thousands	ds of dollars)		
Advanced and repayable in next fiscal year	\$	-	\$	(1,470)	
Accounts payable		(868)		(1,039)	
Accounts receivable		123		48	
Amount due from Community Services - Disaster Financial Assistance	***************************************	1,644		1,644	
Net amount Due from (to) the Government of Yukon	<u>\$</u>	899	<u>\$</u>	(817)	
ractual obligations and contingencies					

18. Contra

		2013		2012	
	(thousands of dollars)				
Outstanding contractual obligations to complete the funding of mortgages receivable					
as at end of year	\$	3,785	\$	2,603	
Outstanding contractual obligations to complete committed contracts as at end of					
year		1,166		1,557	
Annual subsidies to private social housing organizations		390		388	

In the normal course of operations, the Corporation is subject to legal claims and possible claims. No provision for any claim is included in these financial statements because all legal claims or possible claims are either insignificant or considered unlikely to succeed.

Pursuant to an agreement signed with CMHC in 1998, the Corporation is liable for a mortgage payable by the Whitehorse Housing Co-operative Association Limited (the Co-operative) in the event of a default. The mortgage matures on July 1, 2025 and the amount payable as at March 31, 2013 was \$945,000 (2012 - \$987,000). Management believes that the Corporation would be able to repay the mortgage in full through the sale of the Co-operative's assets (against which the mortgage is made) in the event of a default.

19. Bad debts write-offs

Section 14(4) of the Financial Administration Act of Yukon requires accounts written off during the fiscal year to be reported in the Public Accounts of Yukon. Bad debts written off during the current year and past four years are as follows:

Year	Amount		
2013	\$	17,297	
2012		-	
2011		21,383	
2010		-	
2009		5,287	

20. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures for 2012 have been reclassified to conform with the 2013 presentation.



Yukon Housing Corporation

Schedule of Program Costs, Corporate Services Costs and Administration Expenses for the year ended March 31, 2013

Schedule A

	2013		2012	
	(thousands of dollars)			ars)
Program costs				
Operations				
General maintenance Personnel Amortization Utilities Property taxes Building services - in-kind (Note 17(b)) Subsidies - private social housing organizations Property rentals Garbage collection and janitorial Contributions - Options for Independence Direct lending program administration Bad debts - housing operations including rental tenants Housing program administration	\$	3,458 3,338 2,225 2,375 845 502 419 383 255 218 123 108 74	\$	3,394 3,190 2,794 2,255 806 502 674 392 248 - 157 99 18
Insurance		(144 <u>)</u> 14,179		146 14,675
Other				
Loans receivable with concessionary terms provision expense Write-down of tangible capital assets		145 73 218		225 225
	\$	14,397	\$	14,900
Corporate services costs (Note 17 (a))				
Personnel Information technology systems and support Professional fees	\$	2,994 236 (330)	\$	2,542 274 241
	\$	2,900	\$	3,057
Administration expenses				
Personnel Amortization Communications Travel and transportation Professional fees Office and sundry Rentals - office and equipment Program promotion Boards and committees	\$	538 216 234 222 216 129 121 98 45	\$	490 204 182 132 50 108 359 37 25
	\$	1,819	\$	1,587



Yukon Housing Corporation Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets for the year ended March 31, 2013

Office Furnishings and Computer 2013 2012 Social Staff Other Building **Facilities** Equipment Systems Total Total Land Housing Housing (thousands of dollars) 98,068 Cost of tangible capital assets, opening 1 \$ 796 \$ 1,591 \$ 199 \$ 103,913 \$ 3,920 \$ 79,719 \$ 15,765 \$ 1,923 \$ Acquisitions 1 95 171 1,982 6,865 36 1,601 79 (73)(225)(73)Write-downs (795)Disposals 103,913 1,686 370 105,822 3,956 81,247 1,923 **7**96 Cost of tangible capital assets, closing 1 15,844 37,633 314 199 39,847 28,846 8,547 1,157 784 Accumulated amortization, opening 36 1 123 57 2,441 2,998 338 Amortization 1,886 (784)Disposals 42,288 39,847 30,732 1,193 785 437 256 8,885 Accumulated amortization, closing 1,249 \$ 64,066 Net book value 1 114 \$ 63,534 \$ 50,515 \$ 11 \$ 3,956 \$ 6,959 \$ 730 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 296 \$ 3,228 - \$ 296 \$ - \$ \$ Construction in progress

Schedule B

¹ Includes construction in progress